

OXFAM-India



NAV BHARTIYA NARI VIKAS SAMITI,

BALLIA (U.P.)

UP FLOOD RESPONSE











2016







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About the UP flood 2016 in Ballia(U.P.)- Ballia is a flood prone area which is covered by Ganga and Ghagra, Every year this area is affected by flood and the people of this area are continuously suffering the atrocities of flood. In the month of August 2016 the Ganga set a new highest flood level (HFL) by breaching the 60.37m mark, According to the middle Ganga division office of the Central Water Commission (CWC), despite becoming steady in Varanasi, by Thursday morning the Ganga could





swell to close to the record of 2013 when water levels had touched 72.63m. As per CWC statistics, the Ganga was flowing at 78.54m in Mirzapur on Wednesday evening, while it had touched the 72.56m mark in Varanasi. In Ghazipur and Ballia, it was flowing at the 65m and 60.37m marks, respectively. The volume of water in the river Tones was also constant over the

past 24 hours.
"As there has

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been a reduction in the volume of water being released in the tributaries of Yamuna, and with areas of MP not receiving heavy rainfall, things will improve in the next 24 hours. The force of water of Ganga broke the ring dam in the gangapur area of Ballia. Around 3000 to 4000 thousands families were

highly affected and a village was totally submerged resulting in the temporary shelter by the people of the village on the roadside along with their belongings and cattle. No help or facility was provided to them, no fresh water, sanitation and food was available to them. The people of that area live in a open.





About the NBNVS-Registered on 23rd August 1993, Nav Bhartiya Nari Vikas Samiti (NBNVS) – a NGO based at Ballia district of UP small group of Muslim women professionals such as Teachers, Advocates, Doctors and Social activists united to work for the development of the Muslim and Dalit communities specially the women & children. The organization took to the ideals of Gandhi ji to promote integrated and self-sustaining village Society by uplifting the depressed, exploited and the down trodden section of the society viz. children, women, Old-aged People; put an end to illiteracy; make them disease free; economically and politically empowered and to transform the Ballia district into a healthy and vibrant society.

NBNVS envisions "creating a society where basic needs of every individual like food, shelter, health, education and entertainment are addressed irrespective of caste, creed, religion, gender and language; where justice, equality, liberty, security and human rights are assured; where cooperative culture is a way of life." The organization's mission is "to build society through community empowerment for sustainable development and protection of rights."

Initiative taken by NBNVS the emergency work-

- A. <u>Process followed during identification of villages and beneficiary selection-</u> NBNVS started the communication with our volunteers to know the situation of the area, identify the most affected and vulnerable families list who lose their house and everything's.
 - Transit walk
 - One to One
 - FGD
 - Situation Analysis
 - Survey
 - Need assessment
 - Selection of flood effected Village-Our volunteers are do the survey in all flood effected area and make a
 - Selection of flood effected family

NBNVS was continuously in touch with Oxfam India Lucknow office and provided detailed report of the situation every hour. A team sent by Oxfam India contacted NBNVS to work in the flood affected area for flood response. For this 9 villages which were highly affected by flood were chosen. The names of chosen villages are -

District	<mark>Block</mark>	<mark>GP</mark>	Village
Ballia	Barriya	keharpur	Srinagar
	Belhari	Gangapur	Rikani chhapra
			Choubechhapra
	Murlichhapra	Ibrahimabad noubarar	Athgawana
			Nawakagoun
	Hanumanganj	Maldeypur	Maldeypur
	Reoti	Udahan	Udahan
		Bhaishaha	Bhishiya
		Jamdharawa	Tilapur





By visiting and meeting the families of different GP's assessment of their needs was done so that the flood relief material is distributed to the really needful families.

Distribution work-

Process followed during distribution-

- A. Provide Distribution Card amongst the actual beneficiaries
- B. Selection of Distribution point
- C. Establishing Distribution Point

All the families were distributed buckets, jug, mosquito net(medicated), tarpaulin, Tablets to purify contaminated water. Per family as per below;

Si No	Date of Distribution	Name of Village	Tarpoulin Sheet- 12x18	Gtound Sheet- 12x9	Oxfam Bucket 18ilt	Plastic Mug 1 Itr	Mosquito Net	NADCC Tablet- 60 Tab	Total Distribution
1	20.10.16	Srinagar	209	209	418	418	209	12540	209
2	28.10.16	Choubey Chapra	105	105	210	210	105	6300	105
3	28.10.16	Rikini Chapra	106	106	212	212	106	6360	106
4	29.10.16	Udahan	50	50	100	100	50	1000	50
5	29.10.16	Bhisiya	48	48	96	96	48	960	48
6	29.10.16	Tilapur	141	141	282	282	141	2820	141
7	30.10.16	Athgawan	72	72	144	144	72	1440	72
8	30.10.16	Navkagaon	57	57	114	114	57	1140	57
9	30.10.16	Maldepur	97	97	194	194	97	1940	97
10	09.11.16	Maldepur	18	18	36	36	18	180	18
11	10.11.16	Rikini Chapra	18	18	36	36	18	180	18
12	10.11.16	Choubey Chapra	28	28	56	56	28	280	28
13	10.11.16	Srinagar	33	33	66	66	33	330	33
14	21.11.16	Srinagar	8	8	16	16	8	160	8
15	21.11.16	Choubey Chapra	4	4	8	8	4	80	4
16	21.11.16	Maldepur	6	6	12	12	6	120	6
	Grand T	otal	1000	1000	2000	2000	1000	35830	1000

The people of the community were highly supportive and all of them actively participated in the flood response programme. All the people were very happy and highly appreciated the effort made by the organization.





Our CRM (Complain Redressal Mechanism)-NBNVS Established CRM box at the distribution point, where people are putting their complain/suggestions/apparitions

NBNVS distribute the materials in 4 Blocks,9 Villages 1000 families and 5000 people benefited

District	Block	GP	Village	Male	Female	Total	нн
Ballia	Barriya	keharpur	Srinagar	660	440	1100	220
	Belhari	Gangapur	Rikani chhapra	315	210	525	105
			Choubechhapra	330	220	550	110
	Murlichhapra	Ibrahimabad noubarar	Athgawana	240	160	400	80
			Nawakagoun	165	110	275	55
	Hanumanganj	Maldeypur	Maldeypur	300	200	500	100
	Reoti	Udahan	Udahan	330	220	550	110
		Bhaishaha	Bhishiya	300	200	500	100
	·	Jamdharawa	Tilapur	360	240	600	120
	•			3000	2000	5000	1000













CO Barria and MoIC of PHC



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Our operational strategy-NBNVS started the work after the survey report and distribution of relief materials.

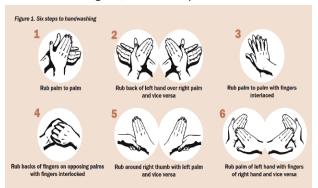
Activities -

A. <u>Capacity Building of Staff/ Volunteers</u>, <u>Local stake holders on PHP</u> on WASH by the Oxfam staff and external facilitor:

_Mrs. Domaki Bhutiya who came from Oxfam India trained the Staff/ Volunteers, Local stake holders on Public Health Promotion, about cleanliness and sanitation in the flood affected areas and provided valuable information regarding it, which is as fallow;



How to clean hand (how long to clean) 30 second to 1 min should be taken to wash hand. the soap should reach between the fingers, thumb an palms.





Which soap to be used; according to the doctor the bacteria spread rapidly in hands. So the soap which can remove the bacteria from fine lines of hands should be use. Various antibacterial soap are available in market can be used. If nothing is available fresh coal ash can be used. According to expert cleaning of hands is more effective by rubbing hands and forming lather with soap.

The benefit of keeping hands clean-

- 1. 45%less death,
- 2. 33%less spread of respiratory dieses,
- 3. 40 to 45% death lessened of new born baby if the mother and midwife has clean hands.

Which Dieses are caused due to cleanliness and unhygienic condition there are many dieses which are caused due to dirty water and dirty environment. The main reason of spread of these dieses is cleanliness at home and in proper disposal of seakale matter.





<u>Cholera</u>- it is savior form of diarrhea. The person has lose motion and these dieses can be fatal if not cured in time. To prevent cholera clean drinking water to be used and proper cleanliness both inside and outside around the hose. Worms in stomach often children complain about stomach ache this is due to presents of warms in stomach. Warms can also cause anemia and malnutrition. Some time the development and growth of the children is also hampered due to warm, it is caused due to playing in dirty places or eating contaminated food.

<u>Malaria:</u> it is caused due to biting of mosquito. The mosquito (larwa) develops in stagment water and dirty places. To developing prevent the spread of mosquito clean the home and it surrounding and use nets and repellent.

Typhoid: this fever is due to contaminated food and micros which develop in dirty environment.

<u>Diarrhea</u>: it also spreads due to contaminated water and environment. It causes dehydration in body.

<u>Benefits of cleanliness and sanitation</u>: All the insects which spread different kinds of dieses it in dirty water or dirty places and carry germs from one place to another. They also sit on food and water and contaminate it. If we keep our surrounding clean and maintain healthy habits we can prevents many dieses.

Information was provided to the villagers and WASH Committee, she also visited all the areas where we were working. Through this training she told that how we reduce the water born diseases by the practice of proper sanitation

How to clean hand- she explain the process of cleaning hand through pictures and demonstration.

- B. Forming WASH committee- our staffs help in forming the village WASH committee in each village and trained them properly regarding sanitation and cleanliness.
- C. Community Mobilization (Community Meetings, PRA village meetings- Our team mobilized the community regarding the practice of sanitation and cleanliness in daily life they were also informed about fetal is un cleanliness, benefits of keeping hands clean hands, various diseases which are cause due to un cleanliness and benefits of cleanliness and sanitation.









(KAP, PDM) Knowledge Attitude and Practice- KAP survey was done to know the habits of people regarding the use of drinking water, hand wash and keeping the surrounding area clean.





Construction of Water Point- for the provision of clean and safe drinking water those hands pump were selected which were submerged in water during flood and their water was not available for people. The WASH committee surveyed the places and accordingly as per need of the villages like renovation of hundpump, increasing the height of foundation or installation of new hundpump made a report which was given to the PHE. PHE also did on the sport survey of the affected places and give consent for choosing the hundpump. Thereafter with the help of Oxfam the NBNVS various PHE works like renovation of hundpump, increasing the height of foundation or installation of new hundpump, total 9 areas were selected for the PHE work.



Water Point Rehabilitation

















End line survey-



The team did the survey in order to know the success of the programme how the formation of committee, programme for safe drinking water and knowledge about health and sanitation haslp the people, what was the effect and hoe for the people were satisfied

WASH Training in Government School-

the children of the primary and upper primary schools of chosen GP;s ware made aware of health cleanliness and sanitation mainly hand wash they were told about it oraly in the school assembly and also made aware by putting related poster in schools















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View of Our Camera





People are learning how to use Tablet



Basab is checking the list of Beneficiaries





Chief Functionary of NBNVS Mr Ajhar is distributing



crowd of Flood affected people are waiting of their No.



PHP, Joshep and CM are teaching about Tablet











Our loaded the Kit



Truck with Relief



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PHE









The programme UP flood response in UP 2016 which was organized by NBNVS in partnership with Oxfam India was started from 15 October 2016 and successfully completed on 14 December 2016. Under this programme 5000 pepole of 1000 families of 9 selected villeges were given aid.

<u>Worked closely with local administration</u>-NBNVS have good relationship with local administration as well as PRI, the police department supported us like providing security support two constable always with us at the distribution point and in the transportation of no entry time. Gram pradhan provided valuable support in identification of beneficiaries and PHE point. DM, ADM, SDM also appreciate our work.





Challenges faced during implementation-

- 1. In the Selection process of beneficiaries: many dabang type people are there to put their name in list, they pressurized us.
- 2. Distribution in relief material:
- 3. Demonetization is one of the major part of challenge

<u>Vote of thanks</u>- heartfelt wishes and sincere thanks from NBNVS and all the people of Ballia who were affected by flood to Oxfam India which did a commendable job of giving help and aid to people, special thanks to Basab Sarkar programme officer and Joshep Logistick officer. Without their support the programme would not have been a success.